The Virginia Journal AND ALEXANDRIA ADVERTISER.

HUC UNDIQUE GAZA CONGERITUR — VIRG.

(VOL. II.) THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1785. (No. 55.)

Daniel and Iſaac M'Pherſon,

Have for Sale,

WEST-INDIA and New-England rum, molaſſes, brown ſugar, ſalt, ſail-duck, cordage, brown rolls, dowlas, fine and coarſe mens' and womens' ſhoes by the box or dozen, glaſs ware by the box, paints, gunpowder, ſpades, ſhovels, coarſe and fine hats, black pepper, ſoap and candles by the box, with many other articles of dry-goods and hard-ware, all of which they will ſell on reaſonable terms for Caſh or Country Produce.

Alexandria, Jan. 25, 1785.

Williams, Cary, And Company,

Have the Pleaſure to inform their Friends and the Public in general, that they have juſt received by the May, Capt. Haſkell from London, a neat, general and elegant Aſſortment of all Kinds of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, amongſt which are,

LADYS' bell hoops, pads, fancy coloured oſtrich feathers, barometers, microſcopes, perſpective glaſſes, printed linens, calicoes, cambricks, lawns, muſlins, ladys' Morocco, ſtuff and leather ſhoes, mens' ſhoes, muſtard in bottles, hair powder, ſtarch and blue, threads, tapes, pins, needles, all kinds of hardware, among which are the neweſt faſhioned plated buckles, caſtings, nets, twine, ladys' and gentlemens' gloves, a variety of fans, ladys' work baſkets, ſtuff and ſilk petticoats, copper tea-kettles, iron pots, all kinds of worſted and yarn hoſe, tablecloths, napkins, ſmoothing-irons, copper ſcales and weights, and a variety of other articles too tedious to mention, which they intend to diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms, by wholeſale only,

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY valuable TRACT of LAND, lying on Aquia-Run, in Stafford County, Virginia, not more than one mile from Aquia Warehouſe, about ſix miles from Dumfries, and twelve miles from Frederickſburg, containing Six Thouſand Acres; it is well watered, abounding with timber, and is calculated for planting or farming.—On this land are ſeveral valuable mill-ſeats, one of which is particularly ſo.—The above will be ſold in lots of two or five hundred acres, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers.—If ſold by the whole tract three years credit will be given for one half the purchaſe; if in ſmall lots, only one year's credit will be given for one half, the other being paid at the time of conveyance.—For further particulars inquire of the Subſcriber oppoſite to Lower-Marlborough, in Maryland, or to Colonel BAILEY WASHINGTON, near to and adjoining the premiſes, who will ſhew the land,

WILLIAM FITZHUGH.

October 13, 1784.

All perſons having any demands

againſt the Subſcriber are requeſted to bring them in that they may be ſettled; and thoſe whoſe accounts have been long ſtanding, would much oblige him by ſettling them immediately, and thereby prevent trouble and expence.

JOHN LOMAX,

Alexandria, Feb. 10, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

THREE valuable Negro MEN, well acquainted with the Ropemaking Buſineſs.—Inquire of CHARLES STEWART at Annapolis.

Feb. 9, 1785.

THE Subſcriber has on hand about Eleven Hundred Pounds, ſterling, worth of MEDICINES, SHOP-FURNITURE and SURGEONS INSTUMENTS, a large proportion thereof not yet opened, and all imported from Europe within eight months paſt; which quantity being found much too large for the common demand of this place, he will divide the whole with any gentleman in want of ſuch a ſupply, and ſell one half at firſt coſt by the invoice;—Any perſon inclining to purchaſe will find the Medicines well aſſorted, and laid in on as advantageous terms as any that have been imported ſince the peace; and they may be divided for the moſt part without breaking packages.—The other half he will retail by the pound, for ready money or ſhort credit, at an advance of 25 per cent. on the original coſt, which is conſiderably lower than they are ſold by retail any where on the continent.

W. BROWN,

Alexandria, Feb. 8, 1785.

William Lowry, And Company,

Have for Sale the following European GOODS, for Caſh, Tobacco, Genſang, Snakeroot, Sarſaparilla, Skins, or ſhort Credit, viz.

SUperfine and refine cloths, caſſimers, tablecloths, ratteens, coatings, Saliſbury cloths, a variety of Iriſh linens, calicoes, calamancoes, ruſſels, tammies, durants, moreens, ſatinets, laſtings, corduroys, fuſtians, jeans, cotton and linen checks, ſouſlee, ſtriped, ſpotted and plain gauzes, handkerchiefs, ribbons, modes, ſatins, Marſeilles quilting, muſlin ſtripes, German cords, damities, nankeens of the beſt quality, cotton, thread and worſted hoſe, writing-paper, wafers, pens, quills, blank books, counting-houſe ditto, ſealing-wax, threads, pins, laces, bag buttons, twiſt, bindings, hardware, ironmongery, nails, &c.

☞ As W. Lowry propoſes ſhortly to return to England, it is earneſtly requeſted that all thoſe indebted to the houſe would make ſpeedy payment,—They will give Caſh for good Tobacco.

Alexandria, Feb. 8, 1785.

Francis Fabrit,

Lately from France,

PRopoſes opening a DANCING-SCHOOL at Mr. Reeder's Tavern, where regular attendance will be given every Friday and Saturday, and where the Engliſh and French modes of Dancing will be taught. Private tuition will be given to any Gentlemen and Ladies deſiring the ſame, on any other day but that of public teaching.—The terms may be known by applying to the Subſcriber at Mr. Reeder's.

Alexandria, Feb. 1, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

STRAYED or ſtolen from the Subſcribers ſome time in May laſt, a bay MARE, about fourteen hands and an half high, ſix years old, branded G R, though not eaſily diſcerned, with a ſtar in her forehead, a ſmall ſnip in her noſe, the right hind footlock white, has a number of grey hairs round the root of her tail, and is a natural trotter,——A bay horſe COLT, one year old, was loſt at the ſame time, and is ſuppoſed to have been taken off with her.——Whoever delivers the ſaid Mare and Colt to the Subſcribers, ſhall receive the above reward, or Ten Dollars for either.

RICHARD ARELL,
GEORGE MASON,

Alexandria, Jan. 28, 1785.

The Drawing of the George-Town ACADEMY LOTTERY

is unavoidably put off till the Third Monday in May next.

George-Town, Feb. 2, 1785.

PARIS, October 9.

THE Count d'Oels (Prince Henry of Pruſſia) has had a ſlight indiſpoſition lately, from which he ſeems at preſent perfectly recovered. He is confined however to his apartments by ſome important affairs, which employ him in private. We are aſſured from all parts of the completion of a treaty of confederacy between Pruſſia, France, Holland, and the Grand Seignior, which will effect whatever they pleaſe, when they ſhall have taken their revenge on the Auſtrians and Ruſſians.

HAGUE, November 13.

The following is the ſubſtance of a circular letter ſent to all the Miniſters of the Emperor of Germany, at the foreign Courts, dated October 23, 1784; which is conſidered in Europe as a DECLARATION of war.

"YOU are not ignorant of the origin and the conſequences of the differences lately ariſen between the Emperor and the Republic of the United Provinces; of the complaints and well-founded claims which his Imperial Majeſty has long had againſt the States General; of the offer which, notwithſtanding that, his Majeſty made to them, to arrange thoſe matters amicably with them; the conferences which have been eſtabliſhed in conſequence for that purpoſe at Bruſſels; and laſtly, the ultimatum which, with a view to abridge the negociation, the Emperor was pleaſed to remit to the States-General.

"By the non-performance and the violation of the treaties, which the Dutch practiſed on all occaſions, apparently favorable to them, the ſhutting of the Scheldt, has long been a ſubmiſſion not obligatory on the Auſtrian Low Countries, and the general face of the affairs of Europe is beſides ſo different now from what it was at the concluſion of the treaty of Munſter, that it is manifeſt the ſtipulation of that treaty which regards the Scheldt is really at preſent no object.

"The Emperor, notwithſtanding this, was diſpoſed to accommodate matters amicably with the Republic, even to the ſacrifice of the moſt lawful and important claims; but the more his Majeſty teſtified his readineſs for this purpoſe, the leſs he has found on the part of the Republic. They have, on the contrary, endeavoured to raiſe all ſorts of impediments to the ſucceſs of the negociation, and for that end have perſiſted in ſuſtaining and preſerving a claim to which, on account of ſo many contraventions to treaties, they can have no legitimate right.

"To prevent the injuries which the States-General had in view to eſtabliſh thereby, contrary to the inconteſtible rights of his Imperial Majeſty, and to leave no doubt of his unalterable reſolution, to adhere to the propoſitions contained in the ultimatum, his Majeſty could not forbear determining to ſend to ſea, from Antwerp, a ſhip under his flag, after having declared long enough before in what manner he ſhould conſider all violent oppoſition that might be made to the free paſſage of the ſaid ſhip.

"The relation hereto annexed (as already given in this paper) contains the detail of the manner in which the Dutch inſulted the Imperial flag, inſtead of continuing themſelves in every caſe to their pretended right ſecretly, by proteſtations in form.

"His Imperial Majeſty cannot therefore look on this fact but as an effective declaration of war on the part of the Republic.

"In conſequence of which his Majeſty hath already recalled the Baron de Reiſchach, who has hitherto been his Miniſter at the Hague, with orders to quit Holland without taking leave of the States-General; and all the neceſſary diſpoſitions have been equally made, for aſſembling without delay, in the Low Countries, an army of 80,000 Imperial troops, which his Majeſty propoſes to augment as circumſtances may require.

"The Emperor flatters himſelf, that theſe meaſures will be conſidered by all the impartial part of Europe

as the natural conſequences of an hoſtility ſo manifeſt, and a fact by which his dignity has been ſo grievouſly wounded. You will be pleaſed, Sir, to explain yourſelf on this occaſion, in conſequence of all the matters abovementioned."

We ſhall here give, per contra, the paper delivered by the Dutch Miniſters at Bruſſels to Comte Belgiojoſo.

"THE Miniſters Plenipotentiary of the Republic of the United Provinces, having received from his Excellency Comte Belgiojoſo, his Imperial Majeſty's orders, ſignifying, that by the conduct, which his Majeſty ſtiles an inſult offered to his flag, the Republic is ſuppoſed to have begun hoſtilities, in conſequence of which, Baron Reiſchach has been recalled: The aforeſaid Dutch Miniſters beg leave moſt forcibly to inſiſt on the declaration delivered by them to his Excellency Comte Belgiojoſo, on the part of the States; that the latter proteſting, that as their ſole aim was to ſupport their uncontrovertible right, they cannot be ſuſpected of any hoſtile aggreſſion, which is the leſs to be laid to their charge, that they poſitively declared not to ſtand any ways anſwerable for the conſequences that may enſue from the particular conſtruction which his Imperial Majeſty may be pleaſed to put upon the affair.

"The Republic, far from being conſidered in the light of a power having acted offenſively, ſtill perſiſt in their peaceable diſpoſitions; but, if unfortunately, ſuch diſpoſitions can have no influence on the mind of his Imperial Majeſty, though the States ſtill preſerve ſome hopes to the contrary, the Republic will find itſelf in the diſagreeable neceſſity of having recourſe to ſuch means as the right of nature and nations entitles it to. Hoping that Divine Providence, and the applauding voice of the neutral powers, will aſſiſt in maintaining the Republic in the juſt defence of its deareſt rights.

Given at Bruſſels, October 30, 1784.

Signed, BARON HOP,
W. A. LESTEVENON,
P. VAN LEYDE,
P. E. VAN DE PERRE.

LONDON, *November* 4.

M. l'Abbe de Crillon received from Madrid on the 8th ult. a print of an amphibious animal found among the mountains of Chili. The length of this carnivorous creature, from head to tail, is 11 feet; his body is covered with ſcales; his phyſiognomy reſembles what daubing painters draw for the face of the moon; at the end of his chin depends a long thick beard; his forehead is broad, and armed with horns like thoſe of an ox; his ears like thoſe of an aſs; his breaſt, as well as the features of his countenance, have ſome reſemblance to a man's; on his back are two fins, or wings, for enabling him to ſwim or fly; his jaws are of an enormous ſize, ſet with teeth ſix inches long; his rump terminates in two tails, with one of which he ſeizes his prey, and with the other he defends himſelf when attacked, it being armed with a ſhort kind of dart, which he points in a threatening manner when provoked, uttering a horrible bellowing. This animal diſcharges a very offenſive effluvia, like that aſcribed by Virgil to the harpy Cylæno. This creature is the male; the female that was taken having eſcaped, ſtill continues a terror to the inhabitants of Chili; his food is nearly a whole ſheep every day. This non-deſcript animal was brought to Madrid on the 25th of September; and to gratify the curious, it is ſaid he will be conveyed to Paris towards the end of the winter.

It is confidently reported, that Lunardi has challenged Blanchard to a balloon race, in three heats, the firſt with the wind, the ſecond acroſs the wind, and the third, which loſes leaſt, againſt the wind. The betts on Monday and Tueſday night, in the neighhourhood of St. James's, were very conſiderable in favour of each adventurer, and great odds were laid on both ſides; and it is poſitively declared, that above 50,000l. is already depending.

Nov. 16. The United Provinces, conſidering their ſmall extent, and the indifferent quality of the ſoil, are very populous; which is attributed to their great trade, their many manufactories, and their fiſheries, which procure employment and ſubſiſtence for a great number. The inhabitants are computed at two millions and one third, while Suſmilch and other political arithmeticians make them two millions and an half, reckoning above a million in the province of Holland alone, which thus contains nearly as many ſouls as all the other ſix together.

The cauſes of the above very extraordinary population in Holland are, the many large cities, and the flouriſhing ſtate of their manufactures. Moſt of the firſt claſs of the inhabitants, the old nobility, are now extinct, and the vacancies not filled up, as the States-General neither confer rank nor nobility. There are, however, ſome families, which have been made Counts or Barons, by the late Emperor and other foreign powers, without any exception taken at their bearing ſuch titles; but they are not admitted to the privileges belonging to ancient nobility of the country.

According to advices received yeſterday from Bruſſels, M. de Reiſchach, his Imperial Majeſty's late envoy at the Hague, was arrived there, and was immediately introduced to the Governor, with whom he was a long time in conference. The Dutch it appears, have declared to the Envoy by the medium of the Grand Penſioner, that the States-General, with the advice, and after conſulting the other Seven United Provinces, had come to a reſolution of inſiſting on the ſovereignty of the river Scheldt as their own, and that they ſhould uſe their utmoſt endeavours to maintain it, agreeable to the treaties of Munſter, in 1648, and the more recent one of Aix-la-Chapelle, in 1731, by which laſt, the immediate predeceſſor of his Imperial Majeſty, as Duke of Brabant and Auſtria, and Count of Flanders, had confirmed it to the States-General of the United Provinces under the guarantee of ſome powerful courts, with whom the States are not only on terms of the ſtricteſt amity, but alſo of alliance. The States further expreſſed their concern at the unexpected departure of the Envoy, for whoſe character and perſon they had ever held the greateſt eſteem: They notwithſtanding hoped that his Imperial Majeſty would take the premiſes into his ſerious and royal conſideration, not plunging into a war a people who had a very high opinion of his Majeſty's juſtice, and a veneration for his perſon; and with whom, as well as all other their neighbours, they were deſirous of living on terms of mutual convenience and reſpect.

Nov. 18. The French Monarch, by a late edict, allows to ſuch Captains of ſhips as are not in actual ſervice, two thirds of their pay, at the ſame time prohibiting them from leaving the kingdom without permiſſion. It is likewiſe enacted, that abſentees ſhall not receive their pay till after their return. By this means his Majeſty will prevent them from engaging in foreign ſervice, and can always have a number of experienced officers ready for the navy when required. It is a pity that ſome regulation of this kind is not adopted in this country, where a ſtrict attention to the marine is now become more neceſſary than ever.

On the 6th current, died at Achenerue, in Scotland, Richard Oſwald, Eſq; lately a Commiſſioner from England to Verſailles for negociating the peace.

Extract of a letter from Oran, October 26.

"On Sunday the 26th, Don Pedro Guelphi, commanding officer at this place, received advice, that the Moors had, about nine o'clock A. M. ſuddenly made their appearance in our garden ground. The drums inſtantly beat to arms, and only ſerved as a ſignal to the enemy to make a precipitate retreat. They fled, carrying away what they had time to pilfer from the inhabitants, and cutting down the fruit-trees. We ſuppoſe their number to be full 8000. They were purſued, and as they entrenched themſelves in the hollow roads, a firing took place. Don Andrea de Daſas bravely repulſed the enemy who fell upon his troops in hopes of deſtroying them, but they were compelled to give way, carrying off a great number of their dead. Our loſs was very trifling, one man of our's only being killed, and ſix wounded. The enemy, which was the whole of the Turkiſh force under the Bey, joined him with five pair of colours on the heights, from whence he had been witneſs to the diſcomfiture of his friends, having remained there from ſix in the morning till one in the afternoon."

PHILADELPHIA, *Feb.* 1.

By an authentic letter from Dublin, brought by the laſt packet, via New-York, we are informed, that a very material revolution is nearly effected there with reſpect to credit. The vigilance of the national bank has almoſt entirely ſuppreſſed that paper traffic, which has been carried to ſuch exceſs, and enabled adventurers, with little or no property, to make a great figure, and ſport away upon other men's ſubſtance. This has had a very viſible effect upon the manners of people in buſineſs, and has obliged them to retrench their ſuperfluous expences, and live more within the bounds of their income. Our correſpondent adds, that none but perſons of real property will be able to paſs this fiery ordeal.

To uſe a mercantile phraſe, in this mercantile world, we find that public ſpirit and private corruption paſs at par in Ireland. The endeavours of the good and wiſe, ſeem to loſe ground to the chicanery and manœuvres of corruption and power; the virtue of the former can hardly keep pace with the undermining effects of the latter, and the whole nation remains in equilibrium, awaiting the preponderation of ſome ſuperior effort to determine which party ſhall triumph. Rutland is plaſtered with panegyrical addreſſes, by the minions of the court and their dependents: Charlemont alſo, whoſe ſentiments directly tend to deſtroy that harmony on which the hopes of Ireland were founded, is addreſſed 'on his manly and conſtitutional anſwer,' notwithſtanding the oppoſition of the ſons of liberty. May the flame which animated the Americans, kindle in the boſom of the Iriſh, and lead them to an effectual oppoſition of the oppreſſions of their tyrants, and to a determination to be really free!

BALTIMORE, February 8.

A late Iriſh newſpaper mentions, that the Parliament of that kingdom were to meet the ſecond day of January, and the Engliſh Parliament not till the 21ſt of the ſame month; that this hath been agreed upon, it is aſſerted, in order to prepare ſome matters of trade by the Iriſh legiſlature, previous to the repeal in England of the navigation act, as far as it relates to Ireland.

ALEXANDRIA, February 17.

On Tueſday, the 8th Inſtant, being the Election of the Mayor, Aldermen and Common-Council, of this Town, the following Gentlemen were choſen:

JAMES KIRK, Eſq; Mayor.

JAMES KEITH, Eſq; Recorder.

DAVID ARELL, JOHN FITZGERALD, RICHARD CONWAY, and WILLIAM HERBERT, Eſquires, Aldermen.

Meſſieurs WILLIAM HARTSHORNE, SAMUEL ARELL, WILLIAM HUNTER, jun. BENJAMIN SHREVE, PETER WISE, and WILLIAM LYLES, Common-Councilmen.

A Letter from Philadelphia mentions, that the December Packet was arrived at New-York; but the Letters brought by her had not come to Hand.——That it was reported the Quarrel between the Emperor and the Dutch was compromiſed.—And that two American Veſſels had been taken by the Algerines.

On the 10th Inſtant departed this Life, in the 69th Year of his Age, WILLIAM RAMSAY, Eſq; a Gentleman generally eſteemed for the humane and generous Sentiments of his Heart, as well as for his Uprightneſs and Integrity, throughout a long and active Life:—This Gentleman firſt propoſed and promoted the Eſtabliſhment of the Town of Alexandria, and was its firſt Inhabitant.—He was conſoled on the Verge of Life, with the Reflection of having acted his Part well, and of having reared, and leaving to repreſent him, a numerous and amiable Family, in Poſſeſſion of as much Happineſs as generally falls to the Lot of Humanity.—Thus he met the lingering but certain Approach of Death with a Compoſure and Reſignation of Mind very remarkable and truly exemplary.—His Remains were interred on the 12th in the Epiſcopal Church-Yard, and attended by a very numerous and reſpectable Company, preceded by the Brotherhood of Free-Maſons in Proceſſion, with the Solemnities uſual on ſuch Occaſions.

NAVAL-OFFICE, ALEXANDRIA.

Inward Entries. Brig Induſtry, C. C. Ruſſel, from Boſton; Schooner Virginia, S. Davis, Hiſpaniola.

Cleared Outwards. Schooner Harrington, H. Williams, for New-York or Philadelphia.

Meſſieurs PRINTERS,

Pleaſe to inform Mr. Patton, through your Paper, that it would become the Character of a Gentleman to inſert Truth in Public Prints, if he means to take ſpiteful Liberties againſt another.——Had Mr. Patton waited till next Day, which was the proper Stage-Day, he would not have been diſappointed of accompanying Col. Jameſon to Alexandria.

NATHANIEL TWINING.

PRICES CURRENT, ALEXANDRIA.

TOBACCO 29s. per Ct.	Continental Rum, 2s. to 2/2 per Ditto.
Fine Flour, 30s. per Barrel.	Molaſſes, 1/6 per Ditto.
Wheat, 6s. per Buſhel.	Muſcovado Sugar, 38s. to 45s. per Ct.
Jamaica Spirits, 4/6 per Gallon.	Salt, 6s. per Buſhel, by Retail.
Windward Rum, 3s. to 3/3 per Ditto.	Corn, 3s. per Buſhel.
	Exchange, 40.

William Hartſhorne
And
Company,

Have for ſale at their Store in Alexandria,

A Quantity of molaſſes, coffee and muſcovado ſugar, juſt arrived in the ſchooner Virginia, Capt. Davis, from the Weſt-Indies.——They have alſo for ſale, by large or ſmall quantities, alum ſalt, continental rum, bar-iron, ſteel, train oil, mackerel, ſoap and candles by the box, with a variety of dry-goods as uſual.

☞ They give Ready-Money and a good price for Wheat and Indian-Corn.

February 14, 1785.

Fairfax County, Feb. 16, 1785.

On Monday next, being

Court-Day for this County, will be let at the Court-Houſe, to the Perſons who will perform the Services for the leaſt Money, the Repairs to be made on the Court-Houſe and Gaol of this County.

Juſt Imported from London, in the Brigantine Fitzhugh, and now opening for Sale by

Robert Alliſon,

A Large and general Aſſortment of DRY-GOODS, ſuitable for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, which will be Sold on the loweſt Terms for Caſh, Tobacco, Flour and Wheat.

Alexandria, Feb. 15, 1785.

Leertouwer, Huyman, And Huiberts,

Have imported in the laſt Veſſels from Holland,

SUperfine, middling and coarſe broadcloths, German oſnaburgs, Ravens duck, Ruſſia ſheeting, ditto drilling, fine and coarſe Dutch linens, calicoes, chintzes, coarſe hats, dipers, checks, ſilk handkerchiefs, gauzes, a variety of ribbons, laces, half bleached ſewing thread from No. 16 to 50, nonſopretties, tapes, ready-made ſhirts, worſted ſtockings, 8 by 10 window-glaſs, nails of all ſizes, padlocks, coffee-mills, candleſticks with handles, lamps with ditto, ſhovels, hatchets, frying-pans, chafingdiſhes, trevits, gridirons, ſmoothing-irons, table knives and forks, chopping-knives, powder, ſhot, all kinds of paints, glaſs and queen's ware, blue and white coffee-cups, Dutch gin in caſes and jugs, French cordials in large and ſmall boxes, Frontigniac wine in caſes of 12 bottles.——They have alſo for ſale continental rum in hogſheads, tierces and barrels, and a variety of other articles, which they intend to diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable terms, by wholeſale only.

Alexandria, Feb. 15, 1785.

Juſt imported from London, and to be Sold by Wholeſale, by

William Deakins, jun.

At his Store in George-Town, the following Articles, viz,

SUperfine, fine and coarſe broadcloths, duffils, Bath coatings, fearnoughts, powder, ſhot, barlead, candles, ſoap, camblets, corduroys, black alamodes, ſilk and linen handkerchiefs, cloth cardinals, Iriſh ſheetings, dowlas, Iriſh linens, pewter baſons, diſhes and plates, tin and glaſs ware of all kinds, bed tickings, German oſnaburgs, brown rolls, thread and ſilk ſtockings, gauzes, cambricks, diaper tablecloths, working canvas, black ſilk florentines, rich brocaded luſtrings, faſhionable bonnets, ditto ſilk cardinals and ſhades, worked muſlin aprons, ſaddler's ware and tools, lump ſugar, double and ſingle refined ditto, all kinds of teas, ginger, ſulphur, nails of all ſorts, guns, andirons with braſs heads, locks, hinges, deſk furniture, braſs chafingdiſhes, candleſticks, ſpades, pickaxes, ſeveral pair of faſhionable pint ſilver cans, faſhionable ſet knee-buckles, gold ſleeve-buttons, mens' and womens' gloves, blond and thread lace, a great variety of oſtrich feathers, ſeine twine, ſaltpetre, &c. &c,

February 14, 1785.

TO BE SOLD,

On Monday the 7th of March next, before Mr. WILLIAM M'DANIEL's Door, in the Town of Dumfries,

TWELVE SLAVES, belonging to the perſonal eſtate of the Rev. Mr. JAMES SCOTT, deceaſed, conſiſting of Men, Women and Children; and on Friday in the ſame week, at Weſtwood, in Prince-William County, the remainder of the Houſhold Furniture, belonging to the ſaid eſtate, conſiſting of tables, chairs, bedſteads, one bed and furniture, a neat pier glaſs, and other articles too tedious to enumerate.—Credit will be allowed for all ſums exceeding Forty Shillings for twelve months, the purchaſers giving bond and approved ſecurity, to bear intereſt from the date, if not punctually paid.

T. BLACKBURN, Adminiſtrator.

☞ Thoſe who have claims againſt the ſaid eſtate are deſired to bring them in, that proviſion may be made for payment; and thoſe indebted to it, either by bond or open account, are requeſted to diſcharge the ſame as ſpeedily as poſſible.

Rippon-Lodge, Feb. 8, 1785.

TEN GUINEAS REWARD.

RAN away on the 21ſt of January laſt two Engliſh ſervants, viz. WILLIAM CASEY, about five feet ſeven or eight inches high, twenty-eight years of age, by trade a bricklayer; his head is rather large, has brown ſtraight hair, and a ſcar on the left ſide of his chin.—WILLIAM HUBBLE, about five feet ſix inches high, twenty-ſix years of age, by trade a bricklayer, and has dark brown hair ſometimes tied.—They have been at Alexandria and ſold ſome of their clothes and tools.—Whoever apprehends the ſaid Men, and gives notice to EDWARD VIELLER, at Annapolis in Maryland, ſhall receive the above reward, or FIVE GUINEAS for either of them, and all reaſonable charges.

Feb. 3, 1785.

ALMANACKS,

For the Year of our Lord One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty-Five, may be had at the Printing-Office, Alexandria, Wholeſale and Retail.

TO THE PUBLIC.

PROPOSALS for printing by ſubſcription a complete tranſlation of the Odes, Epodes and Secular Poems of Horace, in Engliſh verſe; which it is the firſt work of that nature ever attempted in America, it is hoped, will meet with every encouragement from the candid and judicious citizens of the States. The five books, together with every particular Ode and Epode, are addreſſed to diſtinguiſhed civil and military characters among Beſides the literal tranſlations from the original, are a number of Imitations and Paraphraſes, adapted to the meridian of this country, and genius of its inhabitants. It is likewiſe propoſed to publiſh a few poetical tranſlations from *Virgil*, *Tibullus*, *Anacreon*, and our own *Beveridge*, two or three modern Latin Odes.—Alſo a number of Original Poems, conſiſting of *Paſtorals*, *Elegies*, *Satires*, *Letters*, *Songs*; *Maſonic*, *New-Year's*, *Birth-Day* and other *Odes*; *Fables*, *Epigrams*, *Epitaphs*, *Rebuſes*; *Diſtichal Panegyrics*, on Ladies of Diſtinction, and other *Poetical Miſcellanies*.—To which will be added a *Paſtoral Drama*, on the Birth-Day of our late Commander in Chief, and the Return of Peace; inſcribed to the Governor of Pennſylvania, with a *Prologue* written by a Lady, a *Critical Preface* addreſſed to the Subſcribers, and an *Epiſtle Dedicatory* of the whole, to his Excellency General Waſhington.

The above work is the production of a young gentleman, late an officer of rank in the American army. It is therefore to be expected that every gentleman civil and military, in the United States, who wiſh to encourage the arts and ſciences in this riſing Empire, will patronize a work, which we preſume, cannot fail to merit their approbation, more particularly as it is a cyon of American growth, and as ſuch is entitled to the countenance and protection of the ſons and daughters of freedom in this weſtern hemiſphere.

Such ladies and gentlemen who are pleaſed to honor this work with their ſubſcriptions, will have their places of abode, names, rank and titles, whether literary, civil or military, inſerted in the book, as laudable encouragers of arts and genius,

CONDITIONS,

This work is intended to be printed in a large handſome octavo volume, on a good paper with a neat type, and to contain between three and four hundred pages.—It will be ſent to preſs as ſoon as five hundred ſubſcribers have ſigned their names. The price to each ſubſcriber will be Three Dollars, a ſum hardly adequate to ſo arduous an undertaking; the half of which is to be paid at the time of ſubſcribing, to enable the printer to expedite the work, and the reſidue at the delivery of the book. It is to be obſerved that no more volumes will be printed than the exact number ſubſcribed for; and they who enter their names for more than a dozen books, will have the uſual diſcount allowed them.

Subſcriptions will be received by Col. Thomas Chaſe, at Boſton; Col. Samuel Wyllis, in Hartford, Connecticut; Dr. Charles M'Knight, New-York; Mr. Iſaac Collins, Printer in Trenton, New-Jerſey; Col. Thomas Proctor, High Sheriff of Philadelphia, Col. Eleazer Oſwald, at the Coffee-Houſe, Meſſrs. Dunlap and Claypoole, Printers, and Major Samuel Nicholas, at the Coneſtogoe-Waggon in Philadelphia; Mr. John Barnaby, Merchant, Head of Elk, Cecil-County; Mr. John Carnan, near the Head of Bohemia; the Rev. Dr. Smith, Provoſt of the College at Cheſter-Town; Mr. James Ryan, Merchant, Mr. William Murphy, Bookſeller, Meſſrs. Goddard and Langworthy, and Mr. Hayes, Printers, and at Major William Brown's, and Mr. T. De Witt's Coffee-Houſes in Baltimore-Town; Meſſrs. F. and S. Green, Printers in Annapolis; Mr. Charles Allen, Merchant in Cambridge, E. S. of Maryland; Col. Fitzgerald, and the Printers in Alexandria; Mr. William Carr and Mr. Richard Graham, Merchants, Dumfries; John Lewis, Eſquire, and Col. William M'Williams, Fredericksburg; Mr. John Stockdell, Merchant, and Mr. James Hayes, Printer in Richmond; Mr. William Knox, Merchant in Peterſburgh, Virginia; and by Dr. Ramſey, Major Weede, and Dr. Fallen, in Charleſton, South-Carolina.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

ON the 22d of laſt month was ſtolen out of my ſtable, a bay HORSE, with black mane and tail, black legs, has ſeveral ſaddle-ſpots, is creſt fallen and branded upon the near buttock B, about 15 hands high, 12 years old, trots and gallops eaſy, but cuts his ancles a little with his hind ſhoes; he was Major George Waſhington's ſaddle-horſe during the invaſion in 1781, and mine for ſeveral years before and ſince.——It is ſuppoſed he is ſtole by a Frenchman that calls himſelf PEILLON, who is of a middle ſize, dark complexion, about 30 years old, is well dreſſed, and wore here a blue coat with a red waiſtcoat with three rows of buttons.—Whoever brings the ſaid horſe to me ſhall have the above reward, and double on conviction of the thief.

JOHN BROWNLOW,

Fredericksburg, Feb. 8, 1785.

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do the common carpenter jobs neceſſary on a plantation; having a variety of clothes his dreſs cannot be deſcribed.—Eight Dollars will be given if taken up twenty-five miles from home or under, and reaſonable travelling charges paid if brought home, and ſo in proportion to the amount of the above reward.—Said Negro is ſuppoſed to be in company with white men on their way to the ſouthern States.

LEWIS ELLZEY.

Feb. 14, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the next General Aſſembly of the Commonwealth of Virginia, to have a deed recorded that I got from JOHN MOXLEY, of Loudon County, for a tract of land in Hampſhire County, on Patterſon's Creek, for which I have paid the whole conſideration, and miſſed having it recorded through my ignorance of the laws of the ſaid Commonwealth.—The ſaid John Moxley was to have made me a deed, but was prevented by death.

CONROD MYRE.

February 10, 1785.

Juſt received, and to be Sold on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at the Printing-Office,

A Variety of elegant PAPER-HANGINGS.

FORTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the Subſcriber the 24th of Auguſt laſt, a remarkable black ſtrong-made Negro Man, named PETER, late the property of Mr. Benjamin Foreman, about 5 feet 9 inches high, about 22 years of age, but appears older, with large ſtaring eyes, ſmall legs, and has loſt four of his toes from his right foot: He had on when he went away a mixed grey great coat, tow linen ſhirt and trouſers, old ſhoes and a felt hat, but may have changed his clothes.—Whoever takes up ſaid Negro, and ſecures him in any gaol ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges if brought home.

MICHAEL M'KEWAN.

Martinſburg, Berkeley County, Dec. 27, 1784.

N. B. Said Negro was raiſed with Mr. John Werington, and formerly belonged to Mr. Alexander Catlet, near Seneca in Maryland.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preſented to the next General Aſſembly, relative to draining the marſh adjoining this town, and to condemn certain lands, the property of Charles Alexander, Eſq; for the uſe of public buildings and other purpoſes.

Alexandria, January 25, 1785.

TO BE SOLD at the PRINTING-OFFICE,

A Variety of Writing-Paper, Dutch Quills, Paper Hangings, Blank Books, gilt and common Letter Paper, Sealing-Wax, Wafers, Inkpowder, Pounce, Ink-Stands, Black Lead Pencils, Common Prayer Books, from Two to Ten Shillings; Boſton's Fourfold State, Ruſſel's Sermons, Pſalters, &c. &c. &c.

The Brig MAY, Captain

ASKELL, from LONDON, which arrived here n Friday laſt, has a Number of Goods on board r different Gentlemen on this River.—The Cap- n requeſts they may be immediately ſent for, as Stay here will be but ſhort,

Alexandria, Feb. 2, 1785.

For Sale,

Valuable TRACT of LAND, lying in Fre- derick County, Virginia, containing 1100 within eight miles of Wincheſter, on the road from thence to Philadelphia, and with- o miles of three merchant mills; there are d land, a good two-ſtory dwelling-houſe and convenient buildings, with a good orchard meadow, and tolerably well timbered.—— ne third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, ne fourth of the balance at the expiration of two year , another fourth at four years, another fourth at fi years, and the remainder at eight years, from the day of ſale. Intereſt will be expected from the date of the bonds.—The price may be known by appl ing to Mr. Charles McDonald on the premiſes, or t Mr. Nathaniel Burwell of Carter's Grove, on ames-River, or to the Subſcriber in York Coun y, near Williamſburg.

NATHANIEL BURWELL, jun.

Nov 19, 1784.

Public Vendue of Lands,

On Tueſday the 22d of February next, will be Sold to the higheſt Bidder, at the Vendue-Store in Alexandria, the three following Tracts of valuable Land, ſituated in Fairfax County, viz,

ONE Tract, lying within four miles and an half of Alexandria, on Holmes's-Run, containing agreeable to ſurvey, 252 acres, 150 of which are woodland and well timbered; the cleared land is under good fence, 25 acres whereof are good meadow and now laid down with Timothy, and as much more may be made at a ſmall expence; this tract is well watered, there being a number of fine ſprings on it, and there are on the premiſes a tolerable dwelling-houſe with a good brick chimney and two rooms on the lower floor, and a ſmall apple orchard.—Another Tract, containing 300 acres, lying on the ſouth-ſide of the middle Branch of Great-Hunting-Creek, and is likewiſe about four miles and an half from Alexandria; this tract has about 200 acres of woodland, the remainder being cleared is under tolerable fence; there are on the premiſes a good mill-ſeat, where formerly was a mill, 50 or 60 acres of meadow land, and an overſeer's houſe, two barns and an apple and peach orchard.—The other Tract joins the laſt, and contains 75 acres of well timbered woodland.——The terms are, one third in ready money at the time of ſigning the deeds, one third in nine months, and for the remaining third a credit of eighteen months will be given, on bond with good ſecurity.—The plots are now lodged in the hands of the Vendue-Maſter, and may be ſeen at any time before the ſale on application to him, and the land will be ſhewn by applying to the Subſcriber, who lives near Alexandria. BALDWIN DADE,

January 24, 1785.

For Sale,

A PLANTATION, within 8 miles of Wincheſter, containing 400 acres.—The lands are rich, level, and but very little broken with limeſtone, about 60 acres of which are cleared, and under good fences, has a large new barn, and a pretty good overſeer's houſe.—Alſo 300 acres of unimproved Land, lying about two miles from the above place.—Likewiſe three very well improved Lots in the borough of Wincheſter, in a very advantageous part of the town for any kind of buſineſs.—Caſh, Tobacco, or Military Certificates, will be received in payment, and the terms made known by applying to the Subſcriber. JOSEPH HOLMES.

Wincheſter, Nov. 25, 1784.

☞ *Alſo for ſale, a large and neat aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, which he will ſell for very little more than firſt coſt, for Caſh or Tobacco.* J. H.

Whereas the Copartnerſhip of CALLENDER, LEWIS and COMPANY, is diſſolved, it is requeſted that all Perſons who are indebted to the Rope-Walk, or have any Demands againſt it, will bring in their Accounts for Settlement.

☞ The Subſcriber begs Leave to inform his Friends and Cuſtomers, that he intends carrying on the Ropemaking Buſineſs in all its Branches.—Any Orders for Cordage or white Rope will be particularly attended to.—As he ſuperintends this Buſineſs himſelf, he makes no Doubt of giving Satisfaction to thoſe who will favor him with their Cuſtom.

ELEAZER CALLENDER.

Frederickſburg, Jan. 26, 1785.

To be Sold at Public Vendue on the Premiſes, on Tueſday the 3d Day of April next,

A Valuable PLANTATION, lying within ſix miles of Alexandria, containing 200 acres, whereon is a good dwelling-houſe, with two rooms on a floor, and a good brick chimney; a good kitchen, meat-houſe, corn-houſe with a room below, ſtable, and other out-houſes, a ſpring of good water within 100 yards of the door, a good apple and peach orchard, and a young orchard; about 8 acres of meadow cleared and well laid down in Timothy, and a quantity more may be made.—The land produces good Indian-corn, tobacco, and ſmall grain, and all under very good fence; there are 35 buſhels of wheat ſown on the land in one body, and looks as well as any in the county.——One-third of the purchaſe-money to be paid down, one-third in twelve months after, and the other third at the expiration of twelve months more, on giving bond with approved ſecurity for the two payments, and may be entered upon immediately after the day of ſale.—On the ſame day will alſo be ſold for ready-money, horſes, cows, hogs, corn, fodder, hay, farming utenſils, and houſehold and kitchen furniture.

On Thurſday the 5th of April next, will be ſold in Alexandria, a Lot of Ground on Queen-ſtreet, containing 61 feet front and 122 feet back, whereon is a good two-ſtory brick-houſe, with four fireplaces on a floor and two in the cellar, a good ſtore-room, and rents at 100 l. per year; there is an addition to it with two rooms above and a cellar below, that rents at 30 l. per year, and a good ſpring of water on the Lot.—Alſo, a Lot on the ſame ſtreet, 30 feet front and 122 feet back, whereon is a good houſe not finiſhed, with a good cellar below, with a fireplace.—Alſo, another Lot on the ſame ſtreet, being a corner Lot, containing 30 feet front and running 122 feet on Pitt-ſtreet, whereon is a log-houſe with a brick chimney.—Alſo, a Lot on Pitt-ſtreet, 61 feet front and 123 feet back, whereon is a good tan-yard and mill-houſe.—The terms of ſale for the Lots will be the ſame as for the above Plantation.—Good deeds will be made for the Plantation and Lots by

Jan. 26, 1785. SAMUEL McLEAN.

For Sale,

A Valuable TRACT *of* LAND, *lying in Prince-William County, Virginia, about two miles from Dumfries, eight from Colcheſter, and twenty-four from Alexandria, containing* 2150 *acres; this land is well adapted to farming and planting, is very well timbered, and has the advantage of a large never failing ſtream running through it, upon which may be got one or more good mill ſeats.*

Alſo, another valuable Tract of Land, containing upwards of 800 *acres, lying in Waſhington County, Maryland, about one mile from the river Potomack, eight from Hagar's-Town, and twenty-ſix from Frederick-Town: This tract is altogether of the rich limeſtone lands in Connicocheague valley, and is generally acknowledged to be equal in ſoil to and produces as highly as any land in the county; it is alſo well timbered.—Both or either of the above tracts will be laid off in parcels, or ſold otherwiſe, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, who ſhall have good titles.—A very ſmall part of the purchaſe-money, not exceeding one-ſixth, will be expected in a ſhort time after the ſale, and the remainder in three equal payments, at the different periods of two, three and four years from the date of it.—For terms of the Virginia tract, apply to Col.* BAILEY WASHINGTON, *of Stafford County, and of the other to Col.* RICHARD DAVIS, *who lives near the premiſes, or to the Subſcriber, who owns the lands.*

PEREGRINE FITZHUGH.

Jan. 3, 1785.

☞ *If the above lands ſhould not be diſpoſed of by private ſale before the* 20th *of February, the Maryland tract will then be ſold at public auction, and the Virginia tract upon the firſt of March.* P. F.

STRAYED or ſtolen from Mr. Michael Gretter's door, on Thurſday the 27th ult. a black MARE, about fourteen hands high (with a ſaddle and bridle) marked by a pack-ſaddle along the back with white ſpots, ſuckled a foal, and ſhod all round.——Whoever will ſecure ſaid Mare, if found within ten miles of this town, ſhall receive Four Dollars Reward, from Mrs. GRETTER, and if ſtolen, Six Dollars for her and the thief, paid by the Subſcriber, living in Fairfax County, within three miles of the old Court-Houſe.

WILLIAM SWINK.

Feb. 3, 1785.

☞ Choice LAMPBLACK to be Sold at the Printing-Office.

Brenton, Virginia, Prince-William County, Jan. 8, 1785.

On Monday the 4th of April next, if fair, if not the next fair Day, will be offered for Sale, at Mr. William M'Daniel's Tavern, in the Town of Dumfries,

ABOUT 4000 acres of LAND, being part of that noted tract of land, called and well known by the name of the Brenton-Tract; it lies about 17 miles from Dumfries, 30 or 35 from Alexandria, and 28 from Frederickſburg.—At Dumfries the nigheſt navigation, there is always a good and ready market for every kind of country produce, and the two laſt mentioned towns are the moſt conſiderable on the two rivers of Potomack and Rappahannock.—This land produces very good tobacco, wheat, corn, &c. is particularly well adapted to farming, being very level, can always be improved with little expence, and is remarked for its ſuperior excellence in producing wheat; there is on it ſome land which may be converted into good meadow land, and 12 or 14 good merchant mills within 30 miles, three of them as nigh as 8 miles.—The tobacco made on the land is eſteemed among the beſt carried to Dumfries, the beſt inſpection on Potomack.—The land will be laid off in lots of 1, 2 or 300 acres.—Three years credit will be given, provided the intereſt is regularly and punctually paid.—Bond carrying intereſt from the day of ſale, with approved and ſufficient ſecurity, will be required.—The land will be ſhewn by the ſubſcriber living on the premiſes.—Several blooded Nags will be ſold at the ſame time.

DANIEL CARROLL BRENT.

For Sale, for Caſh or Country Produce,

A Few Pipes of choice Madera Wine,
Jamaica Rum fit for preſent Uſe, of high Proof and excellent Flavour.
Claret in ſmall Boxes of 2½ and 3 Dozen each.
A few Kegs of Scotch Barley and Herrings.

WILLIAM HUNTER, jun.

Alexandria, Jan. 18, 1785.

ALEXANDRIA: Printed by GEORGE RICHARDS and COMPANY, at their Printing-Office on *Fairfax-ſtreet*——by whom *Advertiſements, &c.* are thankfully received for this Paper,——and where Printing is performed with Care and Expedition.